# Sealed Radiation Sources



# The company

Radioisotope Centre POLATOM is a part of National Centre for Nuclear Research (NCBJ). With over 50 years of experience in the isotopes we are focused on the following products: radiopharmaceuticals, standard solutions and reference sources, radiochemicals and listed here industrial sealed sources.

At present our products are regularly used in more than 70 countries all over the world. The company is located in vicinity of MARIA Nuclear Reactor in Otwock, near Warsaw.





## Reliable supplier of sealed radiation sources

The active part of quality sealed source for gamma radiography should be as small as possible. POLATOM cares for the quality of your radiographs and supplies high activity sources with small active part.

We have experience, qualifications and facilities to provide the highest level of service in handling radioactive materials and various types of gamma radiography equipment.

We can offer you loading of sealed source in your projector or holder in our facility and send back the projector ready to work. In case you require a source dispatched in our container – we use containers type A or the following B(U) containers: UKI 4x135; UKI 10; ZKI 4x150; UK12S; UK50S; SUK50.











The overall sizes, weight and maximum activity for B(U) containers are specified below:

				maxim	um activity for	nuclide	
Container type/	Height	Diameter	Mass**	Ir-192	Co-60	Se-75	Yb-169
	[mm]	[mm]	[kg]	[TBq]	[GBq]	[TBq]	[TBq]
UKI 4x135*	270	146	50	4.99	3.36	37	74
UKI 10*	370	330	103	7.9	4.5	13	-
ZKI 4x150*	298	150	77	5.55	3.73	41.15	82.30
UK 12S	335	280	100	44	29.6	370	-
UK 50S	415	325	185	215	125	3300	-
SUK 50	420	330	226	500	200	4400	-

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum activity in each of channels

<sup>\*\*</sup> With transport case / cylinder.

### Standards, quality control and safety

Radioisotope Centre POLATOM implemented Quality Assurance System according to PN-EN-ISO 9001:2009 (ISO 9001:2008) in production, sales of radioactive products and radiopharmaceuticals, services of isotopic equipment, dispatching and transport of radioactive materials. And also follows the standards for International Control System of radioactive materials.

**ISO 2919**– this international standard establishes a system of classification of sealed radioactive sources based on tests and specifies general requirements, performance tests, production tests, marking and certification.

It provides a set of tests by which manufacturer can evaluate the safety of his products in use. And also specifies the sealed sources classification (performance) requirements for typical use.

Classification of sealed source performance acc. to ISO 2919:2012 (extract):

Test / Class	1	2	3	4	5	6
Temperature	No test	-40°C (20min)	-40°C (20min)	-40°C (20min)	-40°C (20min)	-40°C (20min)
•		+80°C (1h)	+180°C (1h)	+400°C (1h)	+600°C (1h)	+800°C (1h)
				and thermal	and thermal	and thermal
				shock	shock	shock
				to 20°C	to 20°C	to 20°C
External	No test	25 kPa	25 kPa	25 kPa	25 kPa	25 kPa
pressure		absolute to	absolute to	absolute to	absolute to	absolute to
		atmospheric	2 MPa	7 MPa	70 MPa	170 MPa
		pressure	absolute	absolute	absolute	absolute
Impact	No test	50g from 1m*	200g from 1m*	2kg from 1m*	5kg from 1m*	20kg from 1m*
Vibrations	No test	3 times 10 min	3 times 10 min	3 times 30 min	Not used	Not used
		25Hz to 500Hz	25Hz to 50Hz	25Hz to 80Hz at		
		at 49m/s² (5g)ª	at 49m/s² (5 g)ª	1.5 mm		
			and	peak to peak		
			50Hz to 90Hz	and 80Hz to		
			at 0.635mm	2000Hz at		
			peak to peak	196 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
			and 90Hz to	(20g) <sup>a</sup>		
			500Hz at 98m/s <sup>2</sup>			
			(10 g) <sup>a</sup>			
Puncture	No test	1g from 1m*	10g from 1m*	50g from 1m*	300g from 1m*	1kg from 1m*

a)1g=9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>.

#### **Quality control**

Testing for leakage and contamination - ISO 9978: 1992.

Immersion test - in boiling fluid according to clause 5.1.2 and then the activity of the fluid is measured. Acceptance limit: 200 Bq (5 nCi).

Other methods, as wipe test, are used sometimes for additional test. Acceptance limit: 200 Bq (5 nCi).

<sup>\*</sup> or equivalent imparted energy

#### **Safety**

International safety standards for protection against ionising radiation as dose rate measurements for containers and projectors are applied to all radioactive sources. This is to ensure safety for user and anybody handling the transport.

All sources are manufactured according to IAEA Special Form requirements and handled according to IAEA Regulations for Safe Transport of Radioactive Material, Edition 2012, IAEA Safety Standard Series No. SSR-6.

# **Sealed Sources for Radiography**









HB steel



YAT titanium



HK steel



HCT titanium

A unique source number is visible on the source capsule.

#### The following sources are used for approximate steel working thickness:

Source	Class A	Class B
Ytterbium Yb-169	1 - 15 mm	2 - 12 mm
Selenium Se-75	10 - 40 mm	14 - 40 mm
Iridium Ir-192	20 - 100 mm	20 - 90 mm
Cobalt Co-60	40 - 200 mm	60 - 150 mm
Yb-169 for Al and Ti	10 - 70 mm	25 - 55 mm
Se-75 for Al and Ti	35 - 120 mm	<u> </u>

Steel thickness may be reduced to 10mm for Ir-192 and to 5 mm for Se-75

#### Exposure rate at 1 meter

Nuclide	Activity	Exposure rate	Air KERMA rate
Yb-169	37GBq (1 Ci)	0.125 R/h	1.1 mGy/h
Se-75	37GBq (1 Ci)	0.203 R/h	1.8 mGy/h
Ir-192	37GBq (1 Ci)	0.48 R/h	4.2 mGy/h
Co-60	37GBq (1 Ci)	1.30 R/h	11 mGy/h

# Ytterbium-169

Main application: Gamma radiography

Half-life: 32 days Recommended working life: 6 months

Radiation energies Eγ [MeV]:

0.063 (43.9%)	0.118 (1.9%)	0.198 (35.1%)
0.094 (2.6%)	0.131 (11.2%)	0.261 (1.7%)
0.110 (17.6%)	0.177 (21.5%)	0.308 (10.8%)

Radioactive decay:

Yb-169					
Days from date of measurement	0	2	4	6	8
0	1.000	0.958	0.917	0.878	0.841
10	0.805	0.771	0.739	0.707	0.677
20	0.649	0.621	0.595	0.570	0.546
30	0.522	0.500	0.479	0.459	0.439
40	0.421	0.403	0.385	0.370	0.354
50	0.339	0.325	0.311	0.298	0.285
60	0.273	0.261	0.250	0.240	0.230
70	0.220	0.211	0.202	0.193	0.185
80	0.177	0.170	0.162	0.156	0.149
90	0.143	0.137	0.131	0.125	0.120
100	0.115	0.110	0.105	0.101	0.097

**Description:** Double titanium capsule argon arc welded, containing

the isotope as pressed ytterbium oxide.

Capsules: YAT

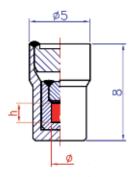
**Identification:** by serial number

	Active part		Maximum activity
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	[GBq] [Ci]
YB3YAT	YAT	1x1 (cylinder)	166.5 4.5
YB3YAT	YAT	1.4x1.6 (cylinder)	444 12
YB4YAT	YAT	0.8 (sphere)	259 7
YB4YAT	YAT	1 (sphere)	333 9

Other active sizes but below specified maximum - on request

Activity depends on enrichment of target material

		External dimensions		
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	Capsule material	ISO classification
YB3YAT	YAT	5x8	titanium gr.2	C 66445
YB4YAT	YAT	5x8	titanium gr.2	C 66445





YAT Capsule

#### Selenium-75

Main application: Gamma radiography

Half-life: 120 days Recommended working life: 2 years

Radiation energies  $E_{\gamma}$  [MeV]:

0.066 (1.1%)	0.121 (17.3%)	0.199 (1.5%)	0.280 (25.2%)	0.401 (11.6%)
0.097 (3.5%)	0.136 (59.0%)	0.265 (59.1%)	0.305 (1.4%)	and others

Radioactive decay:

Se-75					
Days from date of measurement	0	10	20	30	40
0	1.000	0.944	0.891	0.841	0.793
50	0.749	0.707	0.667	0.629	0.594
100	0.561	0.529	0.499	0.471	0.445
150	0.420	0.396	0.374	0.353	0.333
200	0.314	0.297	0.280	0.264	0.249
250	0.235	0.222	0.210	0.198	0.187
300	0.176	0.166	0.157	0.148	0.140
350	0.132	0.125	0.118	0.111	0.105

**Description:** Double or triple encapsulation containing the isotope as solid metal alloy.

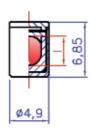
Internal vanadium capsule laser welded. External stainless steel or titanium

capsule(s) GTAW or LBW welded.

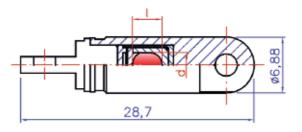
**Capsules:** G/SR - inner, G/SR - 17 **Identification:** by serial number

	Active part	Nominal activity
Code	d [mm] x I [mm]	[GBq] [Ci]
G/SR - inner	3x3	2960 80
G/SR - 17	3x3	2960 80

	<u> </u>			
		External dimensions	External	
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	capsule material	ISO classification
G/SR - inner	G/SR - inner	4.9x6.85	Steel or titanium	C 63545
G/SR - 17	G/SR - 17	6.88x28.7	Steel or titanium	C 63545







G/SR - 17

## Iridium-192

Main application: Gamma radiography

Half-life: 74 days Recommended working life: 1 year

Radiation energies Eγ [MeV]:

0.206 (3.4%)	0.308 (30.7%)	0.468 (47.0%)	0.589 (4.4%)	0.612 (5.3%)
0.296 (29.6%)	0.316 (82.7%)	0.484 (2.9%)	0.604 (8.2%)	

#### Radioactive decay:

madioactive acc					
lr-192					
Days from date					
of measurement	0	4	8	12	16
0	1.000	0.963	0.928	0.893	0.861
20	0.829	0.798	0.769	0.741	0.713
40	0.687	0.662	0.637	0.614	0.591
60	0.569	0.548	0.528	0.509	0.490
80	0.472	0.454	0.438	0.422	0.406
100	0.391	0.377	0.363	0.349	0.337
120	0.324	0.312	0.301	0.290	0.279
140	0.269	0.259	0.249	0.240	0.231
160	0.223	0.214	0.207	0.199	0.192
180	0.185	0.178	0.171	0.165	0.159
200	0.153	0.147	0.142	0.137	0.132
220	0.127	0.122	0.118	0.113	0.109

**Description:** Stainless steel or titanium capsule argon arc welded, containing iridium pellets.

Single capsules: HA, HB, YAT

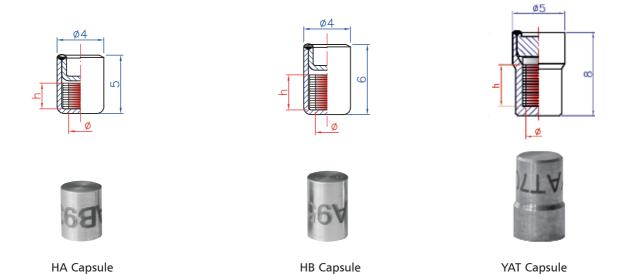
Double capsules: HCT(HI/HCT), HCT(HAT/HCT)

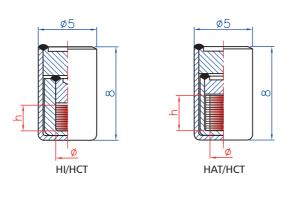
**Identification:** by serial number

	Active part	Maximum activity
Codes	Φ [mm] x h [mm]	[GBq] [Ci]
IR2 HCT	2.0x0.2	333 9
	2.0x0.6	666 18
	2.0x1.0	1110 30
	2.0x1.2	1332 36
	2.0x1.6	1776 48
	2.0x2.0	2220 60
IR1 HA, HB, YAT / IR3 HCT	3.0x2.0	3700 100
	3.0x2.2	4070 110
IR1 HB, YAT / IR3 HCT	3.0x2.4	4440 120
IR1 HB, YAT	3.0x3.0	5920 160
IR1 YAT	3.0x4.0	7400 200

		External dimensions		
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	Capsule material	ISO classification
IR1HA	HA	4x5	Stainless steel*	C 64344
IR1HB	HB	4x6	Stainless steel*	C 64344
IR1YAT	YAT	5x8	Titanium gr.2	C 66445
IR2HCT	HCT	5x8	Titanium gr.2	C 66545
IR3HCT	HCT	5x8	Titanium gr.2	C 66545

<sup>\* 1</sup>H18N9T (X6CrNiTi1810)







HCT Capsule

#### **Cobalt-60**

**Application:** Gamma radiography and process control

Half-life: 5.27 years Recommended working life: 10 years

Radiation energies E<sub>γ</sub> [MeV]:

1.17 (100%) 1.33 (100%)

Radioactive decay Cobalt-60:

Co-60					
Months from date of measurement	0	4	8	12	16
0	1.000	0.957	0.916	0.877	0.839
20	0.803	0.769	0.736	0.704	0.674
40	0.645	0.617	0.591	0.566	0.541
60	0.518	0.496	0.475	0.454	0.435
80	0.416	0.398	0.381	0.365	0.349
100	0.334	0.320	0.306	0.293	0.280
120	0.268	0.257	0.246	0.235	0.225

**Description:** Nickel plated disks of cobalt are sealed in stainless steel or titanium

capsule(s), argon arc welded.

Single capsules: HB, YAT

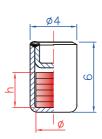
Double capsules: HK(HB/HK)

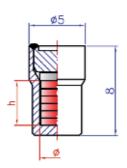
Identification: by serial number

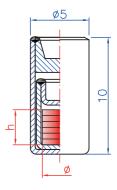
		Max active part	Maximum activity
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	[GBq] [Ci]
CO1HB	HB	3x3	37 1
CO1YAT	YAT	3x3	37 1
CO1HK	HK	3x3	370 10

		External dimensions		
Code	Capsule type	$\Phi$ [mm] x h [mm]	Capsule material	ISO classification
CO1HB	HB	4x6	Stainless steel*	C 64344
CO1YAT	YAT	5x8	Titanium gr.2	C 66445
CO1HK	HK	5x10	Stainless steel*	C 66545

<sup>\*-</sup>steel 1H18N9T













**HB** Capsule

YAT Capsule

**HK Capsule** 

## **Source loading services**

The sources may be loaded to various types of projector holders



Exertus Dual Ir-192 / Se-75 holder



Gammamat TSI Ir-192 holder



Gammamat TIF Ir-192 holder



Exertus Light / Circa / RID SE4P / Gammamat Se-75 holder



Sentinel holder

#### **SI Units**

The following units are recommended for radioactivity, absorbed dose and dose equivalent. The relationship between the SI units and traditional units is specified in the table below.

Physical quantity	SI unit	Traditional unit	Relationship
Radioactivity	becquerel [Bq]	curie [Ci]	$1 \text{ Ci} = 3.7 \times 10^{10} \text{Bq}$
			$1 \text{ Bq} = 2.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{Ci}$
Absorbed dose	gray [Gy]	rad	1 rad = 0.01 Gy
			1 Gy = 100 rad
Dose equivalent	sievert (Sv)	rem	1 Sv = 100 rem
			1  rem = 0.01  Sv
Exposure dose	C/kg	R	$1 R = 2.58 \times 10^{-4} \text{C/kg}$

#### **Changing the units**

Curies	to Becquerels	Becquere	els to Curies
<b>0.1</b> mCi	3.7 мва	1 МВа	<b>0.027</b> mCi
0.2 mCi	7.4 MBq	2 MBq	0.054 mCi
<b>0.5</b> mCi	18.5 мва	5 MBq	0.135 mCi
1 mCi	37 мва	10 мва	0.270 mCi
2 mCi	74 мва	20 мва	0.540 mCi
5 mCi	185 мва	50 мва	1.350 mCi
10 mCi	370 мва	100 мва	2.703 mCi
<b>20</b> mCi	740 мва	200 мва	5.405 mCi
<b>50</b> mCi	1.85 <sub>GBq</sub>	500 мва	13.50 mCi
100 mCi	3.7 GBq	1 GBq	27.03 mCi
200 mCi	<b>7.4</b> Gвq	2 GBq	54.04 mCi
500 mCi	18.5 GBq	5 GBq	135.0 mCi
<b>1</b> ci	37 два	<b>10</b> GBq	270.3 mCi
<b>2</b> ci	<b>74</b> GBq	<b>20</b> GBq	540.5 mCi
<b>5</b> ci	185 <sub>GBq</sub>	<b>50</b> GBq	<b>1.350</b> ci
10 ci	370 GBq	100 GBq	<b>2.703</b> ci
100 ci	3.7 тва	<b>1</b> твq	<b>27.03</b> ci



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